Continuous Delivery

Almost Continuous Almost Delivery



Context

- It is an experience of a small team
- We ain't live (still in private alpha)
- More challenges to come soon

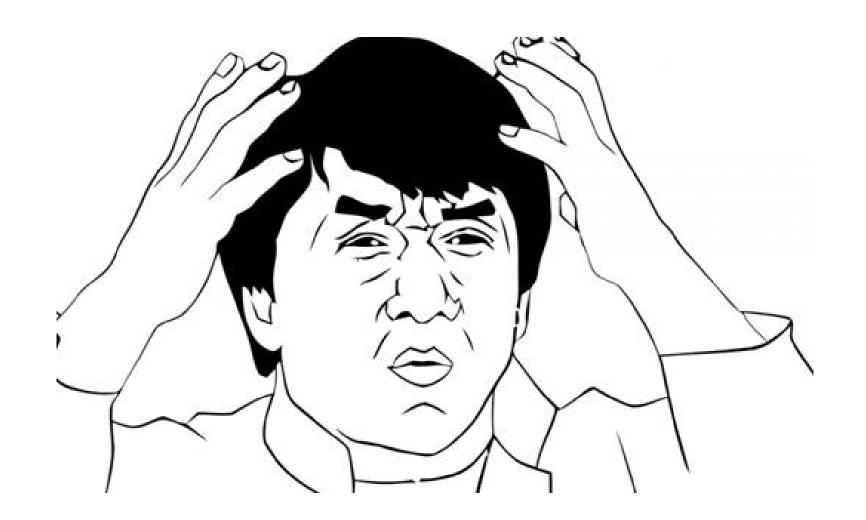
Everything based on <u>jenkins-php</u> with adoption to our needs.

Checklist for Manual Delivery



Checklist Example

- Check-out code
- Run tests
- Build project
 - ☐ Install non-dev vendors only
 - Optimize Class Maps
 - Build SASS/SCSS/LESS
 - Build CoffeeScript/TypeScript
 - Build Sprites
 - Combine and Minimize
 - Encode files
- Prepare for upgrade
 - SQL database backup
 - NoSQL storage backup
- Upload changes to server
- Verify that upload was successful
- Extract database migrations
- ☐ Run database migrations
- Warmup application cache
- Switch version
- ☐ Flush PHP and NGINX cache
- Restart NodeJS nodes



Server Access

Any team developer should be able to deliver changes. Or a part of the team.

What if anyone fails and panics? What about human mistakes?



Continuous Delivery

Wikipedia: Continuous Delivery is a design practice used in software development to automate and improve the process of software delivery.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Continuous_delivery

It is all about Automation

- Automated testing
- Continuous integration
- Automated deployment

Automated static code analysis

Yes, it scares

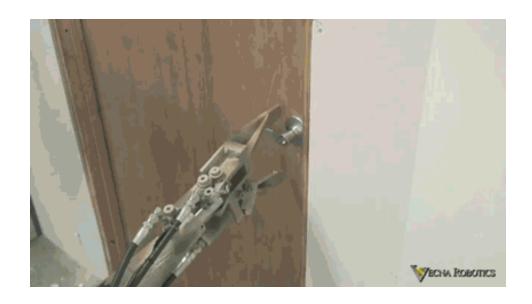


Our first step



http://devopsreactions.tumblr.com/post/112866727315/first-stages-of-automation

Some of our steps



Automation base: Jenkins Cl

- http://jenkins-ci.org/
- Open Source
- MIT License
- JDK 1.6 Required



Jenkins CI Roles

- Check VCS for updates
- Check-out code
- Tasks triggering
- Scheduled tasks
- Access rights inside team
- Process orchestration

Automated Testing

Unit Tests

- PHPUnit
- Prophecy
- Jasmine

Functional Tests

- PHPUnit + fastest
- Symfony 2 standard toolset
- Doctrine Fixtures

Continuous Integration

- Checkout code
- Install dependencies and tools
- Run phplint
- Run DB migrations
- Run all tests
- Run delivery test

You need trends images



Automated Deployment

- Build process
- Code upload
- Database schema sync
- Cache warmup
- Switch to new Version

Build process with Phing

- Full copy of project's code
- Dump/minimize of all assets
- Optimize autoload
- Remove any dev-related stuff



Code upload with Capistrano v2

- SSH + tar.gz (:deploy_via :copy)
- Multi-stage deployment
- Custom tasks added



Database schema sync

- Doctrine Migrations
- Capistrano custom task
- No backups...

Cache warmup

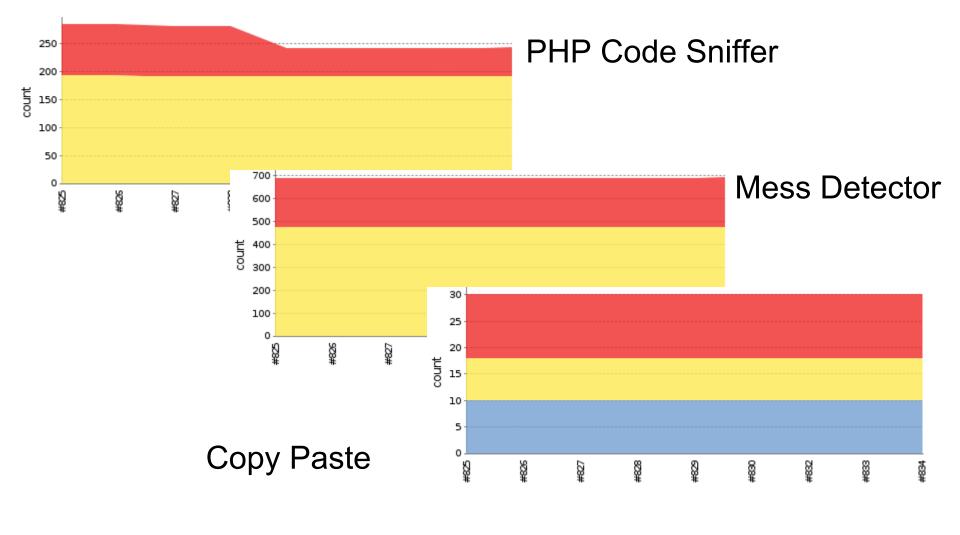
- Standard Symfony 2 cache warmup
- Custom Capistrano task

Version switch

- Standard Capistrano task
- php-fpm reload (special sudo command)
- nodejs reload (special sudo command)
- nginx reload (special sudo command)

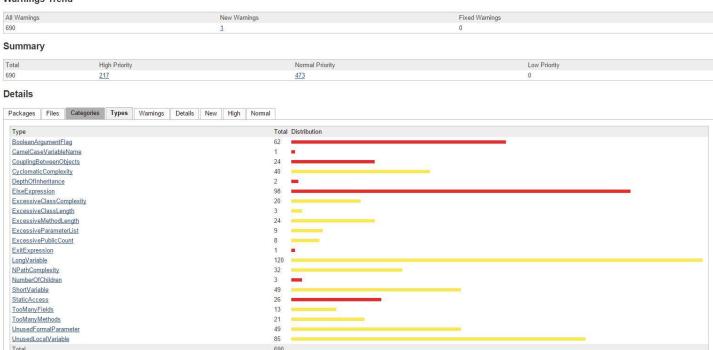
Automated static code analysis

- PHP Code Documentation (phpdox)
- API Documentation (raml)
- PHP Code Sniffer (phpcs)
- PHP Mess Detector (phpmd)
- PHP Copy/Paste Detector (phpcpd)
- Reports published by Jenkins CI



PHP Mess Detector

Warnings Trend



PHP Code Sniffer

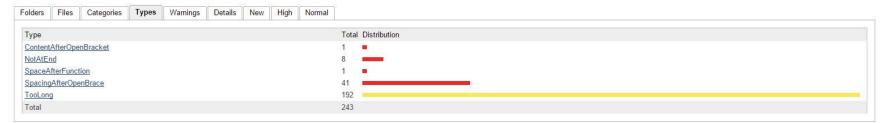
Warnings Trend

All Warnings	New Warnings	Fixed Warnings
243	2	0

Summary

Total	High Priority	Normal Priority	Low Priority
243	<u>51</u>	192	0

Details



Process

- develop
 - Tests, Build, Deploy to Testing server
 - PHP QA Tools
 - PHP and API documentation
- release
 - Tests, Build, Deploy to Preview server
- master
 - Tests, Build, Deploy to Live server

If you want to start

- Write unit tests
- Write functional tests
- Automate deployment
- Install Jenkins Cl and try

Use virtualization for your first steps. Use something that is easy to deploy.

Jenkins Plugins

Jenkins PHP Template

Phing

Email-ext plugin

ANSI Color

Green Balls

<u>Gravatar</u>

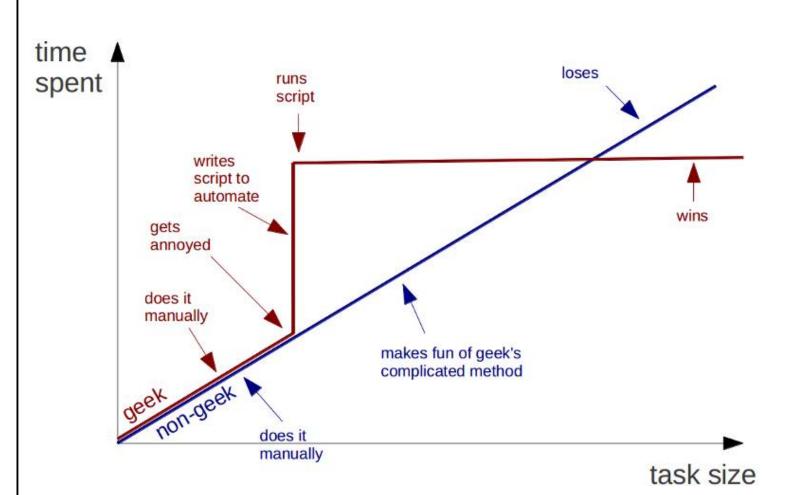
Benefits

- Higher software quality
- Higher code quality
- Machines do most routine tasks
- Standardized deploy process
- You deploy faster and more often

Challenges

- Find time to learn
- Find server to run
- Get used to fail at start
- Your teammates
- Your manager

Geeks and repetitive tasks



Prepare for dirty job



(C) Sean Durham

Sometimes you will need

```
$ sudo -i
# su - jenkins
```

\$ cd /var/lib/jenkins

Security

- Don't run Jenkins under "root"
- Enable at least "Matrix-based Security"
- Update often or run LTS
- Update plugins regularly
- Put NGINX with SSL in front of Jenkins
- Use instance per-team or per-project

When everything works



How sometimes it looks like



Our Upcoming Challenges

- Do something with Migrations
- Reduce Fixtures memory usage
- Tests per feature-branch
- Organize Back-ups
- Launch it Live

Questions?



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